MOUNTAINVIEW HIGH SCHOOL



ANNUAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

School Directory

Ministry Number:	359
Principal:	Kenny Diamond
School Address:	Pages Road, Timaru
School Postal Address:	Private Bag 907, Timaru, 7940
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MOUNTAINVIEW HIGH SCHOOL

Annual Report - For the year ended 31 December 2022

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Mountainview High School

Statement of Responsibility

For the year ended 31 December 2022

The Board accepts responsibility for the preparation of the annual financial statements and the judgements used in these financial statements.

The management, including the principal and others as directed by the Board, accepts responsibility for establishing and maintaining a system of internal controls designed to provide reasonable assurance as to the integrity and reliability of the School's financial reporting.

It is the opinion of the Board and management that the annual financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2022 fairly reflects the financial position and operations of the School.

The School's 2022 financial statements are authorised for issue by the Board.

DAMIAN ROSS JAMES Full Name of Presiding Member

Signature of Presiding Member

06/2023

Date:

Full Name of Principal

Diawond

Signature of Principal

16/2023

Date:

Mountainview High School Members of the Board

For the year ended 31 December 2022

Name	Position	How Position Gained	Term Expired/ Expires
Hamo			
Damian James	Parent Representative Presiding Member	Selected Elected	Sep 2022 Aug 2025
Ross Christie	Presiding Member	Elected	Sep 2022
Kenny Diamond	Principal	ex Officio	
Daniel Allison	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2022
Claire Hargest-Slade	Parent Representative	Elected	Aug 2025
Nikki Geddis	Parent Representative	Elected	Aug 2025
Jay Lovely	Parent Representative	Elected	Sep 2022
Vivienne Wood	Staff Representative	Elected	Aug 2025
David Martin	Staff Representative	Elected	Aug 2025
Kirsten Hullen	Staff Representative	Elected	Sep 2022
Lili Buchanan	Student Representative	e Elected	Oct 2023
In Attendance			

Miles Winter

Board Secretary

Mountainview High School Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense

For the year ended 31 December 2022

		2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Revenue				
Government Grants	2	7,756,413	7,317,644	7,252,482
Locally Raised Funds	3	481,469	241,939	429,894
Interest Income		17,070	4,000	3,905
Alternative Education	4	323,718	-	402,762
	-	8,578,670	7,563,583	8,089,043
Expenses				
Locally Raised Funds	3	481,460	480,600	372,191
Alternative Education	4	342,674	-	333,250
Learning Resources	5	5,254,221	4,880,875	4,958,244
Administration	6	369,984	254,800	291,792
Finance		5,350	2,900	7,366
Property	7	1,709,174	1,868,508	1,606,379
Loss on Disposal of Property, Plant and Equipment		37,573	-	29,815
	-	8,200,436	7,487,683	7,599,037
Net Surplus / (Deficit) for the year		378,234	75,900	490,006
Other Comprehensive Revenue and Expense		-	-	-
Total Comprehensive Revenue and Expense for the	Year	378,234	75,900	490,006

The above Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Mountainview High School Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity

For the year ended 31 December 2022

	Notes	2022 Actual \$	2022 Budget (Unaudited) \$	2021 Actual \$
Equity at 1 January	-	1,073,346	1,073,346	564,205
Total comprehensive revenue and expense for the year Contributions from the Ministry of Education		378,234	75,900	490,006
Contribution - Furniture and Equipment Grant Equity at 31 December	-	- 1,451,580	- 1,149,246	19,135
Accumulated comprehensive revenue and expense	-	1,451,580	1.149.246	1,073,346
Equity at 31 December	-	1,451,580	1,149,246	1,073,346

The above Statement of Changes in Net Assets/Equity should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Mountainview High School Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 December 2022

		2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Notes	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Current Assets				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	8	1,454,398	1,387,752	1,161,352
Accounts Receivable	9	411,414	318,944	318,944
GST Receivable		35,302	55,557	55,557
Prepayments		29,891	23,162	23,162
Funds owing for Capital Works Projects	16	223,458	158,398	158,398
	-	2,154,463	1,943,813	1,717,413
Current Liabilities				
Accounts Payable	11	667,503	565,342	565,342
Revenue Received in Advance	12	80,052	37,420	37,420
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	13	104,595	-	69,599
Finance Lease Liability	14	28,961	32,360	32,360
Funds held in Trust	15	8,235	5,834	5,834
Funds held for Capital Works Projects	16	149,159	-	-
		1,038,505	640,956	710,555
Working Capital Surplus/(Deficit)		1,115,958	1,302,857	1,006,858
Non-current Assets				
Property, Plant and Equipment	10	719,261	455,131	597,131
	_	719,261	455,131	597,131
Non-current Liabilities				
Provision for Cyclical Maintenance	13	376,993	577,278	499,179
Finance Lease Liability	14	6,646	31,464	31,464
	_	383,639	608,742	530,643
Net Assets	-	1,451,580	1,149,246	1,073,346
Equity	-	1,451,580	1,149,246	1,073,346

The above Statement of Financial Position should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Mountainview High School Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 December 2022

		2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Note	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Cash flows from Operating Activities				
Government Grants Locally Raised Funds Hostel		2,717,285 753,687 -	2,434,861 241,939 -	2,405,088 828,716 -
International Students Goods and Services Tax (net) Payments to Employees		51,419 20,255 (1,413,332)	- - (1,245,978)	12,977 (57,624) (1,218,338)
Payments to Suppliers Interest Received Net cash from/(to) Operating Activities		(1,604,104) 16,862 542,072	(1,205,522) 4,000 229,300	(1,401,460) 5,501 574,860
Cash flows from Investing Activities Purchase of Property Plant & Equipment (and Intangibles) Purchase of Investments Proceeds from Sale of Investments Net cash (to)/from Investing Activities		(296,373) (61,443) <u>61,443</u> (296,373)	- - -	(177,246) 634,100 456,854
Cash flows from Financing Activities Contribution to Ministry Project Finance Lease Payments Loans Received Funds Administered on Behalf of Third Parties Net cash (to)/from Financing Activities		- (39,153) - <u>86,500</u> 47,347	(2,900) (2,900)	19,135 (29,595) (345,640) (356,100)
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		293,046	226,400	675,614
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	8	1,161,352	1,161,352	485,738
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	8	1,454,398	1,387,752	1,161,352

The statement of cash flows records only those cash flows directly within the control of the School. This means centrally funded teachers' salaries and the use of land and buildings grant and expense have been excluded.

The above Statement of Cash Flows should be read in conjunction with the accompanying notes which form part of these financial statements.



Mountainview High School Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended 31 December 2022

1. Statement of Accounting Policies

1.1. Reporting Entity

Mountainview High School (the School) is a Crown entity as specified in the Crown Entities Act 2004 and a school as described in the Education and Training Act 2020. The Board is of the view that the School is a public benefit entity for financial reporting purposes.

1.2. Basis of Preparation

Reporting Period

The financial statements have been prepared for the period 1 January 2022 to 31 December 2022 and in accordance with the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020.

Basis of Preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, and the accounting policies have been consistently applied throughout the period.

Financial Reporting Standards Applied

The Education and Training Act 2020 requires the School, as a Crown entity, to prepare financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice. The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand, applying Public Sector Public Benefit Entity (PBE) Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime as appropriate to public benefit entities that qualify for Tier 2 reporting. The school is considered a Public Benefit Entity as it meets the criteria specified as 'having a primary objective to provide goods and/or services for community or social benefit and where any equity has been provided with a view to supporting that primary objective rather than for financial return to equity holders'.

PBE Accounting Standards Reduced Disclosure Regime

The School qualifies for Tier 2 as the school is not publicly accountable and is not considered large as it falls below the expenditure threshold of \$30 million per year. All relevant reduced disclosure concessions have been taken.

Measurement Base

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis unless otherwise noted in a specific accounting policy.

Presentation Currency

These financial statements are presented in New Zealand dollars, rounded to the nearest whole dollar.

Specific Accounting Policies

The accounting policies used in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below.

Critical Accounting Estimates And Assumptions

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Cyclical Maintenance

A school recognises its obligation to maintain the Ministry's buildings in a good state of repair as a provision for cyclical maintenance. This provision relates mainly to the painting of the school buildings. The estimate is based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the school is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition. During the year, the Board assesses the reasonableness of its painting maintenance plan on which the provision is based. Cyclical maintenance is disclosed at note 13.



Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The School reviews the estimated useful lives of property, plant and equipment at the end of each reporting date. The School believes that the estimated useful lives of the property, plant and equipment as disclosed in the significant accounting policies are appropriate to the nature of the property, plant and equipment at reporting date. Property, plant and equipment is disclosed at note 10.

Critical Judgements in applying accounting policies

Management has exercised the following critical judgements in applying accounting policies:

Classification of leases

Determining whether a lease is a finance lease or an operating lease requires judgement as to whether the lease transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the school. A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an underlying asset to the lessee. In contrast, an operating lease is a lease that does not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset to the lessee. Judgement is required on various aspects that include, but are not limited to, the fair value of the leased asset, the economic life of the leased asset, whether or not to include renewal options in the lease term, and determining an appropriate discount rate to calculate the present value of the minimum lease payments. Classification as a finance lease means the asset is recognised in the statement of financial position as property, plant, and equipment, whereas for an operating lease no such asset is recognised. Finance lease liability disclosures are contained in note 14. Future operating lease commitments are disclosed in note 21b.

Recognition of grants

The School reviews the grants monies received at the end of each reporting period and whether any require a provision to carry forward amounts unspent. The School believes all grants received have been appropriately recognised as a liability if required. Government grants are disclosed at note 2.

1.3. Revenue Recognition

Government Grants

The school receives funding from the Ministry of Education. The following are the main types of funding that the School receives.

Operational grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, which is in the year that the funding is received.

Teachers salaries grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the salary period to which they relate. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly to teachers by the Ministry of Education.

Other Ministry Grants for directly funded programmes are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding in the period to which they relate. The grants are not received in cash by the School and are paid directly by the Ministry of Education.

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown and managed by the Ministry of Education on behalf of the Crown. Grants for the use of land and buildings are not received in cash by the School as they equate to the deemed expense for using the land and buildings which are owned by the Crown. The School's use of the land and buildings as occupant is based on a property occupancy document as gazetted by the Ministry. The expense is based on an assumed market rental yield on the value of land and buildings as used for rating purposes.

This is a non-cash revenue that is offset by a non-cash expense. The use of land and buildings grants and associated expenditure are recorded in the period the School uses the land and buildings.

Other Grants where conditions exist

Other grants are recorded as revenue when the School has the rights to the funding, unless there are unfulfilled conditions attached to the grant, in which case the amount relating to the unfulfilled conditions is recognised as a liability and recognised as revenue as the conditions are fulfilled.

Donations, Gifts and Bequests

Donations, gifts and bequests are recognised as an asset and revenue when the right to receive funding or the asset has been established unless there is an obligation to return funds if conditions are not met. If conditions are not met funding is recognised as revenue in advance and recognised as revenue when conditions are satisfied.

Interest Revenue

Interest Revenue earned on cash and cash equivalents and investments is recorded as revenue in the period it is earned.

1.4. Operating Lease Payments



Payments made under operating leases are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense on a straight line basis over the term of the lease.

1.5. Finance Lease Payments

Finance lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term on an effective interest basis.

1.6. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, bank balances, deposits held at call with banks, and other short term highly liquid investments with original maturities of 90 days or less, and bank overdrafts. The carrying amount of cash and cash equivalents represent fair value.

1.7. Accounts Receivable

Short-term receivables are recorded at the amount due, less an allowance for expected credit losses (uncollectable debts). The school's receivables are largely made up of funding from the Ministry of Education, therefore the level of uncollectable debts is not considered to be material. However, short-term receivables are written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovery.

1.8. Inventories

Inventories are consumable items held for sale and comprised of school uniforms. They are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined on a first in, first out basis. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of activities less the estimated costs necessary to make the sale. Any write down from cost to net realisable value is recorded as an expense in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period of the write down.

1.9. Investments

Bank term deposits are initially measured at the amount invested. Interest is subsequently accrued and added to the investment balance. A loss allowance for expected credit losses is recognised if the estimated loss allowance is not trivial.

1.10. Property, Plant and Equipment

Land and buildings owned by the Crown are excluded from these financial statements. The Board's use of the land and buildings as 'occupant' is based on a property occupancy document.

Improvements funded by the Board to buildings owned by the Crown or directly by the board are recorded at cost, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

Property, plant and equipment are recorded at cost or, in the case of donated assets, fair value at the date of receipt, less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Cost or fair value as the case may be, includes those costs that relate directly to bringing the asset to the location where it will be used and making sure it is in the appropriate condition for its intended use.

Gains and losses on disposals (i.e. sold or given away) are determined by comparing the proceeds received with the carrying amounts (i.e. the book value). The gain or loss arising from the disposal of an item of property, plant and equipment is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

Finance Leases

A finance lease transfers to the lessee substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership of an asset, whether or not title is eventually transferred. At the start of the lease term, finance leases are recognised as assets and liabilities in the statement of financial position at the lower of the fair value of the leased asset or the present value of the minimum lease payments. The finance charge is charged to the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense over the lease period so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. The amount recognised as an asset is depreciated over its useful life. If there is no reasonable certainty whether the school will obtain ownership at the end of the lease term, the asset is fully depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and its useful life.



Depreciation

Property, plant and equipment, except for library resources, are depreciated over their estimated useful lives on a straight line basis. Library resources are depreciated on a diminishing value basis. Depreciation of all assets is reported in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The estimated useful lives of the assets are:	
Building improvements to Crown Owned Assets	10–75 years
Furniture and equipment	10–15 years
Information and communication technology	4–5 years
Motor vehicles	5 years
Leased assets held under a Finance Lease	Term of Lease
Library resources	12.5% Diminishing value

1.11. Impairment of property, plant and equipment and intangible assets

The school does not hold any cash generating assets. Assets are considered cash generating where their primary objective is to generate a commercial return.

Non cash generating assets

Property, plant, and equipment and intangible assets held at cost that have a finite useful life are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If such indication exists, the School estimates the asset's recoverable service amount. An impairment loss is recognised as the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount. The recoverable service amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use.

Value in use is determined using an approach based on either a depreciated replacement cost approach, restoration cost approach, or a service units approach. The most appropriate approach used to measure value in use depends on the nature of the impairment and availability of information.

In determining fair value less costs to sell the school engages an independent valuer to assess market value based on the best available information.

If an asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable service amount, the asset is regarded as impaired and the carrying amount is written down to the recoverable amount. The total impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The reversal of an impairment loss is recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. A previously recognised impairment loss is reversed only if there has been a change in the assumptions used to determine the asset's recoverable service amount since the last impairment loss was recognised.

1.12. Accounts Payable

Accounts Payable represents liabilities for goods and services provided to the School prior to the end of the financial year which are unpaid. Accounts Payable are recorded at the amount of cash required to settle those liabilities. The amounts are unsecured and are usually paid within 30 days of recognition.

1.13. Employee Entitlements

Short-term employee entitlements

Employee entitlements that are expected to be settled within 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employees provide the related service are measured based on accrued entitlements at current rates of pay. These include salaries and wages accrued up to balance date, annual leave earned by non teaching staff, but not yet taken at balance date.

Long-term employee entitlements

Employee benefits that are not expected to be settled wholly before 12 months after the end of the reporting period in which the employee provides the related service, such as retirement and long service leave, have been calculated on an actuarial basis.

The calculations are based on the likely future entitlements accruing to employees, based on years of service, years to entitlement, the likelihood that employees will reach the point of entitlement, and contractual entitlement information, and the present value of the estimated future cash flows. Remeasurements are recognised in Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense in the period in which they arise.



1.14. Revenue Received in Advance

Revenue received in advance relates to fees received from students and grants received where there are unfulfilled obligations for the School to provide services in the future. The fees are recorded as revenue as the obligations are fulfilled and the fees earned.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the refund of unearned fees in relation to international students, should the School be unable to provide the services to which they relate.

1.15. Funds Held in Trust

Funds are held in trust where they have been received by the School for a specified purpose, or are being held on behalf of a third party and these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

1.16. Funds held for Capital Works

The school directly receives funding from the Ministry of Education for capital works projects that are included in the School five year capital works agreement. These funds are held on behalf and for a specified purpose as such these transactions are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

The School holds sufficient funds to enable the funds to be used for their intended purpose at any time.

1.17. Shared Funds

Shared Funds are held on behalf of a cluster of participating schools as agreed with the Ministry of Education. In instances where funds are outside of the School's control, these amounts are not recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. In instances where the school is determined to be the principal for providing the service related to the Shared Funds (such as the Resource Teachers of Learning & Behaviour programme), all income and expenditure related to the provision of the service is recorded in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense. The School holds sufficient funds to be used for their intended purpose.

1.18. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

The property from which the School operates is owned by the Crown, and is vested in the Ministry. The Ministry has gazetted a property occupancy document that sets out the Board's property maintenance responsibilities.

Cyclical maintenance, which involves painting of the School, makes up the most significant part of the Board's responsibilities outside the day-to-day maintenance. The provision is a reasonable estimate, based on the school's best estimate of the cost of painting the school and when the School is required to be painted, based on an assessment of the school's condition.

The School carries out painting maintenance of the whole school over a variety of periods in accordance with the conditional assessment of each area of the school. The economic outflow of this is dependent on the plan established by the School to meet this obligation and is detailed in the notes and disclosures of these accounts.

1.19. Financial Instruments

The School's financial assets comprise cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, and investments. All of these financial assets, except for investments that are shares, are initially recognised at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost, using the effective interest method.

Investments that are shares are categorised as financial assets at fair value through other comprehensive revenue and expense in accordance with financial reporting standards. On initial recognition of an equity investment that is not held for trading, the School may irrevocably elect to present subsequent changes in the investments' fair value in other comprehensive revenue and expense. This election has been made for investments that are shares. Subsequent to initial recognition, these assets are measured at fair value. Dividends are recognised as income in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense unless the dividend clearly represents a recovery of part of the cost of the investment. Other net gains and losses are recognised in other comprehensive revenue and expense and are never reclassified to the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue Revenue and Expense.

The School's financial liabilities comprise accounts payable, borrowings, finance lease liability, and painting contract liability. Financial liabilities are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Interest expense and any gain or loss on derecognition are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.



1.20. Borrowings

Borrowings, on normal commercial terms, are initially recognised at the amount borrowed plus transaction costs. Interest due on the borrowings is subsequently accrued and added to the borrowings balance. Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the school has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after balance date.

1.21. Goods and Services Tax (GST)

The financial statements have been prepared on a GST exclusive basis, with the exception of accounts receivable and accounts payable which are stated as GST inclusive.

The net amount of GST paid to, or received from, the IRD, including the GST relating to investing and financing activities, is classified as a net operating cash flow in the statements of cash flows.

Commitments and contingencies are disclosed exclusive of GST.

1.22. Budget Figures

The budget figures are extracted from the School budget that was approved by the Board.

1.23. Services received in-kind

From time to time the School receives services in-kind, including the time of volunteers. The School has elected not to recognise services received in kind in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.



2. Government Grants

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual s	(Unaudited)	Actual \$
Government Grants - Ministry of Education Teachers' Salaries Grants	2,653,591 3,886,328	2,373,079 3.579.475	2,407,639 3,750,667
Use of Land and Buildings Grants	1,154,413	1,303,308	1,029,652
Other Government Grants	<u>62,081</u> 7,756,413	61,782 7,317,644	64,524 7,252,482

3. Locally Raised Funds

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of:

Local funds raised within the School's community are made up of.			
	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Revenue	\$	`\$	\$
Donations & Bequests	26,426	1,500	51,870
Fees for Extra Curricular Activities	79,355	-	60,986
Trading	724	-	65
Fundraising & Community Grants	9,800	8,320	8,987
Other Revenue	322,116	223,119	286,174
Transport Revenue	31,311	9,000	9,843
International Student Fees	11,737	-	11,969
	481,469	241,939	429,894
Expenses			
Extra Curricular Activities Costs	86,671	7,500	74,799
Trading	347,323	435,000	259,703
Fundraising & Community Grant Costs	525	-	-
Other Locally Raised Funds Expenditure	30,824	38,100	33,528
International Student - Student Recruitment	13,836	-	2,254
International Student - Other Expenses	2,281	-	1,907
	481,460	480,600	372,191
(Deficit)/Surplus for the year Locally raised funds	9	(238,661)	57,703

During the year the School hosted 1 International students (2021:1)

4. Aoraki Alternative Education Revenue and Expenses

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
Revenue	\$	\$	\$
Ministry of Education Grants	321,902	-	340,098
Other Income	-	-	61,842
Interest Earned	1,816	-	822
	323,718	-	402,762
Expenses			
Employee Benefits - Salaries	256,355	-	240,998
Learning Resources	14,113	-	15,280
Administration	30,803	-	30,905
Property	41,403	-	37,243
Other Expenses	-	-	8,824
	342,674	-	333,250
(Deficit)/Surplus for the year Aoraki Alternative Education	(18,956)	-	69,512

5. Learning Resources

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual \$
Curricular	پ 284,354	ə 306,922	3 236,300
Equipment Repairs	1,820	2,500	930
Library Resources	5,796	11,500	4,985
Employee Benefits - Salaries	4,787,174	4,405,953	4,554,647
Staff Development	32,821	12,000	27,517
Depreciation	142,256	142,000	133,865
	5,254,221	4,880,875	4,958,244



6. Administration

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Audit Fee	8,449	8,450	9,053
Board Fees	4,975	6,900	5,225
Board Expenses	12,549	11,500	11,246
Intervention Costs & Expenses	-	-	-
Communication	6,037	8,300	12,413
Consumables	127,345	77,600	96,883
Operating Lease	560	-	499
Healthy Lunches Expenses	-	-	94
Other	117	230	139,625
Employee Benefits - Salaries	164,025	123,500	12,344
Insurance	14,007	14,000	4,410
Service Providers, Contractors and Consultancy	31,920	4,320	-
	369,984	254,800	291,792

7. Property

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Caretaking and Cleaning Consumables	40,321	45,600	36,393
Cyclical Maintenance Provision	9,810	8,500	82,876
Grounds	16,811	13,000	11,207
Heat, Light and Water	100,564	143,100	107,671
Rates	7,991	10,000	8,700
Repairs and Maintenance	80,754	37,000	33,698
Use of Land and Buildings	1,154,413	1,303,308	1,029,652
Security	12,678	12,000	8,861
Employee Benefits - Salaries	285,832	296,000	287,321
	1,709,174	1,868,508	1,606,379

The Use of Land and Buildings figure represents 5% of the school's total property value. Property values are established as part of the nation-wide revaluation exercise that is conducted every 30 June for the Ministry of Education's year-end reporting purposes.

8. Cash and Cash Equivalents

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Bank Accounts	449,034	837,752	611,352
Short-term Bank Deposits	1,005,364	550,000	550,000
Cash and Cash Equivalents for Statement of Cash Flows	1,454,398	1,387,752	1,161,352

The carrying value of short-term deposits with original maturity dates of 90 days or less approximates their fair value.

Of the \$1,454,398 Cash and Cash Equivalents, \$149,159 is held by the School on behalf of the Ministry of Education. These funds have been provided for the Ministry as part of the school's 5 Year Agreement funding for upgrades to the school's buildings. The funds are required to be spent in 2023 on Crown owned school buildings.

9. Accounts Receivable

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Receivables	44,438	1,725	1,725
Receivables from the Ministry of Education	-	1,613	1,613
Interest Receivable	294	86	86
Banking Staffing Underuse	18,927	-	-
Teacher Salaries Grant Receivable	347,755	315,520	315,520
	411,414	318,944	318,944
Receivables from Exchange Transactions	44,732	1,811	1,811
Receivables from Non-Exchange Transactions	366,682	317,133	317,133
	411,414	318,944	318,944



10. Property, Plant and Equipment

	Opening Balance (NBV)	Additions	Disposals	Impairment	Depreciation	Total (NBV)
2022	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Building improvements - Crown	4,292	-	-	(62)	(616)	3,614
Furniture and equipment	138,257	128,441	-	(11,885)	(29,142)	225,671
Information and communication technology	180,410	135,851	-	(14,988)	(43,981)	257,292
Motor vehicles	95,811	-	-	-	(12,950)	82,861
Leased assets	63,994	5,586	-	-	(34,191)	35,389
Library resources	33,816	5,466	-	(13,291)	(3,249)	22,742
Alternative Education	80,551	29,268	-	-	(18,127)	91,692
Balance at 31 December 2022	597,131	304,612	-	(40,226)	(142,256)	719,261

The net carrying value of equipment held under a finance lease is \$35,389 (2021: \$63,994)

Restrictions

With the exception of the contractual restrictions relating to the above noted finance leases, there are no other restrictions over the title of the school's property, plant and equipment, nor are any property, plant and equipment pledged as security for liabilities.

	2022 Cost or Valuation \$	2022 Accumulated Depreciation \$	2022 Net Book Value \$	2021 Cost or Valuation \$	2021 Accumulated Depreciation \$	2021 Net Book Value \$
Building improvements - Crown	17,284	(13,670)	3,614	18,642	(14,350)	4,292
Furniture and equipment	714,431	(488,760)	225,671	809,117	(670,860)	138,257
Information and communication technology	559,136	(301,844)	257,292	819,841	(639,431)	180,410
Motor vehicles	161,869	(79,008)	82,861	161,869	(66,058)	95,811
Leased assets	90,136	(54,747)	35,389	109,299	(45,305)	63,994
Library resources	60,340	(37,598)	22,742	90,410	(56,594)	33,816
Alternative Education	145,713	(54,021)	91,692	116,445	(35,894)	80,551
Balance at 31 December	1,748,909	(1,029,648)	719,261	2,125,623	(1,528,492)	597,131

11. Accounts Payable

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Creditors	141,413	99,519	99,519
Accruals	48,683	18,352	18,352
Employee Entitlements - Salaries	378,872	359,973	359,973
Employee Entitlements - Leave Accrual	98,535	87,498	87,498
	667,503	565,342	565,342
Payables for Exchange Transactions	667,503	565,342	565,342
	667,503	565,342	565,342

The carrying value of payables approximates their fair value.

12. Revenue Received in Advance

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
International Student Fees in Advance	54,145	14,463	14,463
Other Revenue in Advance	25,907	22,957	22,957
	80,052	37,420	37,420



13. Provision for Cyclical Maintenance

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Provision at the Start of the Year	568,778	568,778	562,745
Increase to the Provision During the Year	82,129	8,500	82,876
Other Adjustments	(72,319)	-	-
Use of the Provision During the Year	(97,000)	-	(76,843)
Provision at the End of the Year	481,588	577,278	568,778
Cyclical Maintenance - Current	104,595	-	69,599
Cyclical Maintenance - Non current	376,993	577,278	499,179
	481,588	577,278	568,778

The School's cyclical maintenance schedule details annual painting & other significant cyclical maintenance work to be undertaken. The costs associated with this annual work will vary depending on the requirements during the year. This plan is based on the School's most recent 10 Year Property plan, adjusted as identified and confirmed appropriate by the Board, to other reliable sources of evidence.

14. Finance Lease Liability

The School has entered into a number of finance lease agreements for computers and other ICT equipment. Minimum lease payments payable:

	2022 Actual	2022 Budget (Unaudited)	2021 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
No Later than One Year	31,290	37,344	37,344
Later than One Year and no Later than Five Years	6,904	33,616	33,616
Future Finance Charges	(2,587)	(7,136)	(7,136)
	35,607	63,824	63,824
Represented by:			
Finance lease liability - Current	28,961	32,360	32,360
Finance lease liability - Non current	6,646	31,464	31,464
	35,607	63,824	63,824

15. Funds Held in Trust

	2022	2022 Budget	2021
	Actual	(Unaudited)	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Funds Held in Trust on Behalf of Third Parties - Current	8,235	5,834	5,834
	8,235	5,834	5,834

These funds relate to arrangements where the School is acting as an agent. These amounts are not revenue or expenditure of the school and therefore are not included in the Statement of Comprehensive Revenue and Expense.

16. Funds Held for Capital Works Projects

During the year the School received and applied funding from the Ministry of Education for the following capital works projects. The amount of cash held on behalf of the Ministry for capital works project is included under cash and cash equivalents in note 8.

	2022	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions \$	Closing Balances \$
Boiler Refurbishment		(139,261)	-	(37,795)	-	(177,056)
SIP Maori Studies Wharenui alterations		(19,137)	-	(27,265)	-	(46,402)
Watermain Upgrade		-	67,386	(15,091)	-	52,295
Toilets Upgrade		-	111,379	(14,515)	-	96,864
Totals		(158,398)	178,765	(94,666)	-	(74,299)

Represented by: Funds Held on Behalf of the Ministry of Education Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education

149.159 (223,458)



2021	Opening Balances \$	Receipts from MoE \$	Payments \$	Board Contributions \$	Closing Balances \$
Boiler Refurbishment	232,357	750,000	(1,121,618)	-	(139,261)
Whenua Project	(78,674)	90,438	(11,764)	-	-
Special Education Fencing	13,512	-	(13,512)	-	-
SIP Maori Studies Wharenui alterations	-	250,000	(269,137)	-	(19,137)
Totals	167,195	1,090,438	(1,416,031)	-	(158,398)

Represented by:

Funds Receivable from the Ministry of Education

17. Related Party Transactions

The School is a controlled entity of the Crown, and the Crown provides the major source of revenue to the School. The School enters into transactions with other entities also controlled by the Crown, such as government departments, state-owned enterprises and other Crown entities. Transactions with these entities are not disclosed as they occur on terms and conditions no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the School would have adopted if dealing with that entity at arm's length.

Related party disclosures have not been made for transactions with related parties that are within a normal supplier or client/recipient relationship on terms and condition no more or less favourable than those that it is reasonable to expect the school would have adopted in dealing with the party at arm's length in the same circumstances. Further, transactions with other government agencies (for example, Government departments and Crown entities) are not disclosed as related party transactions when they are consistent with the normal operating arrangements between government agencies and undertaken on the normal terms and conditions for such transactions.

18. Remuneration

Key management personnel compensation

Key management personnel of the School include all trustees of the Board, Principal, Deputy and Assistant Principals.

	2022 Actual \$	2021 Actual \$
Board Members		
Remuneration	4,975	5,225
Leadership Team		
Remuneration	534,876	523,752
Full-time equivalent members	4.00	4.00
Total key management personnel remuneration	539,851	528,977

There are 5 members of the Board excluding the Principal. The Board had held 11 full meetings of the Board in the year. The Board also has Finance and Propertymembers that meet monthly and quarterly respectively. As well as these regular meetings, including preparation time, the Chair and other Board members have also been involved in ad hoc meetings to consider student welfare matters including stand downs, suspensions, and other disciplinary matters.

Principal

The total value of remuneration paid or payable to the Principal was in the following bands:

Salaries and Other Short-term Employee Benefits:	2022 Actual \$000	2021 Actual \$000
Salary and Other Payments	160 - 170	150 - 160
Benefits and Other Émoluments	0 - 10	1 - 5
Termination Benefits	0 - 0	0 - 0

Other Employees

The number of other employees with remuneration greater than \$100,000 was in the following bands:

Remuneration \$000	2022 FTE Number	2021 FTE Number
100 -110	8.00	6.00
110 -120	2.00	3.00
120 - 130	2.00	2.00
-	12.00	11.00

The disclosure for 'Other Employees' does not include remuneration of the Principal.



(158,398)

19. Compensation and Other Benefits Upon Leaving

The total value of compensation or other benefits paid or payable to persons who ceased to be trustees, committee members, or employees during the financial year in relation to that cessation and number of persons to whom all or part of that total was payable was as follows:

	2022	2021
	Actual	Actual
Total	\$ - \$	-
Number of People	-	-

20. Contingencies

There are no contingent liabilities and no contingent assets except as noted below as at 31 December 2022 (Contingent liabilities and assets at 31 December 2021: nil).

Holidays Act Compliance – schools payroll

The Ministry of Education performs payroll processing and payments on behalf of boards, through payroll service provider Education Payroll Limited.

The Ministry's review of the schools sector payroll to ensure compliance with the Holidays Act 2003 is ongoing. Final calculations and potential impact on any specific individual will not be known until further detailed analysis and solutions have been completed.

To the extent that any obligation cannot reasonably be quantified at 31 December 2022, a contingent liability for the school may exist.

Additional funding wash up payment

The Ministry of Education provided additional funding for both the Support Staff in Schools' Collective Agreement (CA) Settlement and the Teacher Aide Pay Equity Settlement. The School has not been notified of the final wash up calculation relating to 31 December 2022. The final calculations impact on the financial statements is unable to be determined at the date of reporting.

21. Commitments

(a) Capital Commitments

As at 31 December 2022 the Board has entered into the following contract agreements for capital works.

(a) A contract for upgrading the watermain, which will be fully funded by the Ministry of Education. \$67,386 has been received of which \$15,091 has been spent on the project to date; and

(b) A contract for upgrading the toilets, which will be fully funded by the Ministry of Education. \$111,379 has been received of which \$14,515 has been spent on the project to date; and

(c) \$295,911 contract to upgrade Block D Hiwi Wharenui as agent for the Ministry of Education. The project is fully funded by the Ministry and \$250,000 has been received of which \$296,402 has been spent on the project to balance date; and

(d) A contract for the refurbishment of the Boiler as agent for the Ministry of Education. The project will be fully funded by the Ministry. \$1,127,800 has been received of which \$1,304,856 has been spent on the project to date.

(Capital commitments in relation to Ministry projects at 31 December 2021: \$76,921)

(b) Operating Commitments

As at 31 December 2022 the Board has not entered into any operating contracts.

(Operating commitments at 31 December 2021: nil)

22. Financial Instruments

The carrying amount of financial assets and liabilities in each of the financial instrument categories are as follows:

Financial assets measured at amortised cost

	2022	Budget	2021
	Actual \$	(Unaudited) \$	Actual \$
Cash and Cash Equivalents	1,454,398	1,387,752	1,161,352
Receivables	411,414	318,944	318,944
Investments - Term Deposits	-	-	-
Total Financial assets measured at amortised cost	1,865,812	1,706,696	1,480,296
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost			
Payables	667,503	565,342	565,342
Finance Leases	35,607	63,824	63,824
Total Financial liabilities measured at amortised Cost	703,110	629,166	629,166

2022

2022

2021

23. Events After Balance Date

There were no significant events after the balance date that impact these financial statements.

24. Comparatives

There have been a number of prior period comparatives which have been reclassified to make disclosure consistent with the current year.





Analysis of Variance

Strategic Aim:	To create an environment where teachers have the capacity and confidence to use the MVHS Learning Taxonomies to raise student achievement.			
Baseline Data:	NCEA Level	1	NCEA Level 2	NCEA Level 3
	65.4%		75.3%	70.6%
Annual expected outcomes:	NCEA Level	1	NCEA Level 2	NCEA Level 3
75% 80%		75%		
Actual Outcome:	67.7%	66.3%		56.9%
Achievement Objectives		Action	as and resources allocated	Success Criteria
 Create a pedagogical coaching framework Develop and effective Teacher profile Identify Best Practice 		develop to impr • Training	cognition education to support us in ping a Relational Based Learning framework ove teacher practice. g a small group practitioners to be experts in he framework.	• We will have trained a small group of teachers and we will be at the stage of working with teachers in school to support their understanding of the framework.
Develop a coherent PLD plan			e calendar will be used to plan nool related events going ard.	 All events to be on google calendar. All PLD is calendared and attendance rates are 95% average.

Strategic Goal 1

	• Year long pld plans will be developed to ensure PLD is delivered consistetly and timely.	
Facilitate a limited test of PaCT for Literacy and Numeracy in Years 9 and 10.	 We will establish a PaCT Co-ordinator within the school to lead a small group of teachers through the PaCT setup in their classes, so that they can make judgements on student progress using the tool. 	• Each junior student will have at least 2 judgements made in the LPF by the end of the year.

Analysis of the Achievement Objectives				
Achievement Objectives	Outcome	Reason (for Success or Variance)		
 Create a pedagogical coaching framework Develop and effective Teacher profile Identify Best Practice 	We have been working with Cognition through the Kahui Ako to develop this plan. We now have our trainers upskilled and are ready for the next steps which will be training the rest of the staff.	Progress was slower than anticipated as we wanted to make sure that we had confidence in delivering the programme before rolling out to a wide range of staff.		
Develop a coherent PLD plan	A PLD plan has been designed to ensure that our academic	NA		
Facilitate a limited test of PaCT for Literacy and Numeracy in Years 9 and 10.	This was hindered by the way in which the PaCT tool collects data. The feeling was that this tool was needlessly difficult to implement and track and led to a teacher workload issue.	The tool was not fit for purpose in our current system. Moving forward, we need to develop a tool that works in our school context.		
What's next?				
 Wide scale training for our staff in th Coaching to support the devleopmen 	e RBL framework. t of teacher practice throughout the school, both	academically and pastorally.		

• Coaching to support the devleopment of teacher practice throughout the school, both academically and pastorally.

• Develop a more consistent method for providing students with feedback and assessment in the junior school.

Strategic Aim:	Aim: To develop an extended whānau partnership that focusses on whakawhānaungatanga between learners, teachers, and community that allows all to feel safe, supported, and included.			
	Retention Rates	Standdown	Suspension	Attendance

Strategic Goal 2

Baseline Data:	26	47	7	77%
Expected outcome:	30	<15	<3	80%
Actual outcome:	33	16	6	79%
Achieven	nent Objectives	Actions and resources allocated	Success Criteria	
	ne understanding and use of ations and the MVHS n.	 Staff PLD sessions to support the understanding and use of the behaviour mountain. Visual imagery to support positive behaviour in the classroom. 	 A reduction in a SDS data as a result of staff following the Behaviour mountain. 90% fidelity in our end of year PB4L assessment. 	
Upskill a team to lead relational practices pedagogy across the kura.		 A small group of staff to attend regular PLD to develop the ability to lead relational practices in school. A full staff pld day at the beginning of the year to introduce the concept. 	The small team will be comfortable in leading the relational practices across the school. This team will have at least 4 members and engage with staff at least 2 per term via pld sessions.	
Develop a consister that is used across t engagement and tra		• We will develop an ako framework to ensure all students have access to consistent career and pastoral care networks.	Develop a consistent Ako framework toolkit that is used across the kura to support engagement and track progress.	

Analysis of the Achievement Objectives				
Achievement Objectives	Outcome	Reason (for Success or Variance)		
Ensure fidelity in the understanding and use of R4L Tier 1 interventions and the MVHS Behaviour Mountain.	We passed our fidelity test at the end of the year, which enables us to move to tier 2 if	Consistent process and precedure is key to improving outcomes for our young people. The		
	needed in 2023. We have also seen a reduction in the number of incidents in 2022 (down 22%). Tracking of data is more consistent as more staff have followed the	frameworks put in place ensure that these incidents are recorded correctly and followed up appropriately. The consistent use fo the framework ensures that positive behaviour is		
	process for recording incidents.	being reinforced.		
Upskill a team to lead relational practices pedagogy across	We have a small team of relational	Restorative practices have reduced the number		
the kura.	practitioners working in the school to ensure	of seoncdary behaviours which in turn has		
	incidents are dealt with in a restorative way.	helped deescalate incidents in the classroom.		

This has reduced the numer of secondary	This has led to a reduction in the SDS data for					
behaviours in the classroom.	2022.					
Despite attempts to create a consistent ako	We have too many gaps in the skillset of our					
1 , 0	staff. Some staff are unable or unwilling to					
inconsistencies in this area. Some Ako	develop the requisite skills needed to support					
groups are run well, but there are too many	our students in this area. We need to look at					
	mechanisms of support that can help our staff					
decided to use a tool to help us bridge this	deliver these types of lessons consistently and					
gap in 2023.	with high quality.					
What's next?						
 Look at how we could support our staff in the Ako space (MyMahi as an option). Build our relational practices team to include more staff so it can become self sustaining. 						
	behaviours in the classroom. Despite attempts to create a consistent ako experience, we still have large inconsistencies in this area. Some Ako groups are run well, but there are too many gaps in students' experiences. We have decided to use a tool to help us bridge this gap in 2023. What's next? f in the Ako space (MyMahi as an option).					

Investigate the possibility of PB4L Tier 2 if needed.

28th February 2023

Ki<u>wisport</u>

Kiwisport is a government funding initiative to support student's participation in organised sport.

During the 2022 financial year we received total Kiwisport funding of \$13046.00. This funding was used to contribute to the wages for our Sports Co-Ordinator Jackie Ryder.

Compliance with Education and Training Act 2020 requirements to be a good employer for the year ending 31 December 2022.

The following questions address key aspects of compliance with a good employer policy:

Reporting on the principles of being a Good Employer				
How have you met your obligations to provide good and safe working conditions?	Monthly health & safety meetings held with a range of staff members. And communicating with staff our H&S policy and good communication practises			
What is in your equal employment opportunities programme? How have you been fulfilling this programme? How do you practise impartial selection of suitably qualified persons for appointment?	Not to discriminate on, race, colour, religion, sex, national origin, age or disability. We promote and inclusive workplace by fostering an environment of professionalism and respect for personal differences Selection of candidates is purely on qualifications, and relevant experience			
 How are you recognising, The aims and aspirations of Maori, The employment requirements of Maori, and Greater involvement of Maori in the Education service? 	Actively encourage and assist our staff to reach their full potential, and seek opportunities for both Maori staff and none Maori staff to obtain relevant experiences and educational opportunities to advance Maori language and culture where ever possible.			
How have you enhanced the abilities of individual employees?	We encourage staff to be shelf reflective in there roles and collaboratively find opportunities to enhance their skills, and career aspirations through a coaching system run by the school			
How are you recognising the employment requirements of women?	We offer flexible working arrangements wherever it is possible. And give recognition to those that have had gaps in their careers to raise children and the inherent skills that they pick up by being a stay-at-home parent.			
How are you recognising the employment requirements of persons with disabilities?	We currently do not have any employees with any major disabilities, though we are currently going through the process of making our school fully accessible			

Good employer policies should include provisions for an Equal Employment Opportunities (EEO) programme/policy . The Ministry of Education monitors these policies:

Reporting on Equal Employment Opportunities (EEO) Programme/Policy	YES	NO	
		1	

Do you operate an EEO programme/policy?	Yes	
Has this policy or programme been made available to staff?	Yes	
Does your EEO programme/policy include training to raise awareness of issues which may impact EEO?		No
Has your EEO programme/policy appointed someone to coordinate compliance with its requirements?	Yes	
Does your EEO programme/policy provide for regular reporting on compliance with the policy and/or achievements under the policy?		No
Does your EEO programme/policy set priorities and objectives?		No



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE READERS OF MOUNTAINVIEW HIGH SCHOOL'S GROUP FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2022

The Auditor-General is the auditor of Mountainview High School and its controlled entities (collectively referred to as 'the Group'). The Auditor-General has appointed me, Jane Jackman, using the staff and resources of Nexia Audit Christchurch, to carry out the audit of the financial statements of the Group on his behalf.

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Group on pages 3 to 18 that comprise statement of financial position as at 31 December 2022, the statement of comprehensive revenue and expense, statement of changes in net assets/equity and statement of cash flows for the year ended on that date, and the notes to the financial statements that include accounting policies and other explanatory information.

In our opinion the financial statements of the Group:

- present fairly, in all material respects:
 - its financial position as at December 2022; and
 - o its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended; and
- comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand in accordance with the Public Sector – Public Benefit Entity Standards, Reduced Disclosure Regime.

Our audit was completed on 1 June 2023. This is the date at which our opinion is expressed.

The basis for our opinion is explained below. In addition, we outline the responsibilities of the Board and our responsibilities relating to the financial statements, we comment on other information, and we explain our independence.

Basis for our opinion

We carried out our audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the Professional and Ethical Standards and the International Standards on Auditing (New Zealand) issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Responsibilities of the auditor section of our report.

We have fulfilled our responsibilities in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Responsibilities of the Board for the financial statements

The Board is responsible on behalf of the Group for preparing financial statements that are fairly presented and that comply with generally accepted accounting practice in New Zealand. The Board is responsible for such internal control as it determines is necessary to enable it to prepare financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

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In preparing the financial statements, the Board is responsible on behalf of the Group for assessing the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. The Board of Trustees is also responsible for disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting, unless there is an intention to close or merge the Group, or there is no realistic alternative but to do so.

The Board's responsibilities, in terms of the requirements of the Education and Training Act 2020, arise from section 87 of the Education Act 1989.

Responsibilities of the auditor for the audit of the financial statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements, as a whole, are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit carried out in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements are differences or omissions of amounts or disclosures, and can arise from fraud or error. Misstatements are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the decisions of readers taken on the basis of these financial statements.

For the budget information reported in the financial statements, our procedures were limited to checking that the information agreed to the Group's approved budget.

We did not evaluate the security and controls over the electronic publication of the financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, we exercise professional judgement and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. Also:

- We identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- We obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Group's internal control.
- We evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by the Board.
- We conclude on the appropriateness of the use of the going concern basis of accounting by the Board and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Group to cease to continue as a going concern.
- We evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.
- We obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial statements of the entities or business activities within the group to express an opinion on the consolidated financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the group audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.



 We assess the risk of material misstatement arising from the Novopay payroll system, which may still contain errors. As a result, we carried out procedures to minimise the risk of material errors arising from the system that, in our judgement, would likely influence readers' overall understanding of the financial statements.

We communicate with the Board regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Our responsibilities arises from the Public Audit Act 2001.

Other information

The Board is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included on Analysis of Variance, Kiwisport Statement and The Good Employer Statement, but does not include the financial statements, and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of audit opinion or assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information. In doing so, we consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on our work, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Independence

We are independent of the Group in accordance with the independence requirements of the Auditor-General's Auditing Standards, which incorporate the independence requirements of Professional and Ethical Standard 1: *International Code of Ethics for Assurance Practitioners* issued by the New Zealand Auditing and Assurance Standards Board.

Other than the audit, we have no relationship with or interests in the Group.

Jane Jackman Nexia Audit Christchurch On behalf of the Auditor-General Christchurch, New Zealand